Winter

- Encourage your parent(s) to complete their income tax forms early. If your parent(s) have not completed the tax forms, you can provide estimated information on your federal student aid application, but remember to make any necessary changes later.
- As soon after January 1st as possible, complete and submit your Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), along with any other financial aid applications your school(s) of choice may require. You can complete the FAFSA online at www.fafsa.ed.gov or on paper, but completing the application online is faster and easier. You should submit your FAFSA by the earliest financial aid deadline of the schools to which you are applying, generally by early February.
- If you have questions about the federal student aid programs or need assistance with the application process, call 1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243) or TTY users 1-800-730-8913.
- After you submit the FAFSA, you should receive your Student Aid Report (SAR) within one to four weeks. Quickly make any necessary corrections and submit them to the FAFSA processor.
- Complete scholarship applications.

Spring

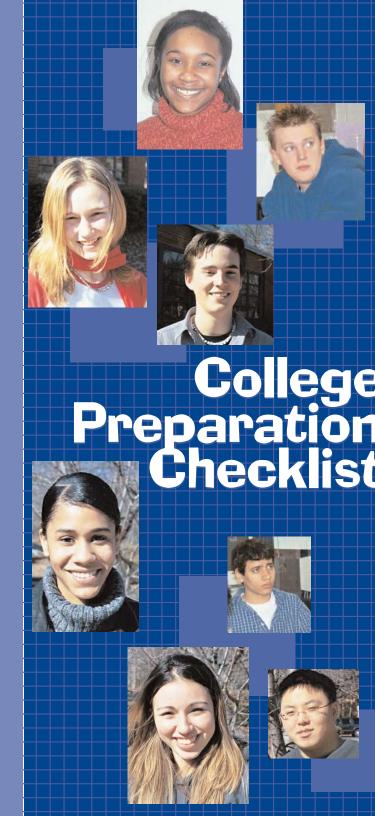
- Visit colleges that have invited you to enroll.
- Review your college acceptances and compare financial aid packages.
- When you decide which school you want to attend, you need to notify that school of your commitment, submitting any required deposit check. Many schools require this notification by May 1st.



To download this checklist from the Internet, visit **www.studentaid.ed.gov/pubs**

For a more comprehensive checklist visit: www.studentaid.ed.gov/collprep

Schools, libraries, or nonprofit organizations may order bulk quantities at www.edpubs.org/ml





Pre-high School

- Start saving for college if you haven't already.
- Do your best in school. If you are having difficulty, don't give up—get help from a teacher, tutor or mentor.
- Become involved in school or communitybased extracurricular activities that enable you to explore your interests, meet new people and learn new things.



High School: Every Year

- Continue to save for college.
- Take challenging classes in core academic subjects: most colleges require 4 years of English, at least 3 years of social studies (history, civics, geography, economics, etc.), 3 years of mathematics and 3 years of science, and many require 2 years of a foreign language. Round out your course load with classes in computer science and the arts.
- Stay involved in school or community-based extracurricular activities that interest you and/or enable you to explore career interests. Consider working or volunteering. Remember—it's quality (not quantity) that counts.



High School: 9th Grade

- Take challenging core classes.
- Start planning for college and thinking about your career interests. At www.studentaid.ed.gov you can register with MyFSA and research your career and college options.



High School: 10th Grade

- Continue to take challenging core classes.
- Meet with your career counselor, guidance counselor, or mentor to discuss colleges and their requirements.



High School: 11th Grade

All Year

- Continue to challenge yourself academically.
- Research colleges that interest you.
- Investigate financial aid, including scholarships. Understand the different types of aid and sources for aid.
- For more information about scholarships and federal student aid opportunities, visit: www.studentaid.ed.qov.

Fall

Take the Preliminary SAT/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT).* You must take the test in 11th grade to qualify for scholarships and programs associated with the National Merit Program.

Spring

Register for and take the SAT I and SAT II or the ACT. Most colleges accept the ACT or both the SAT I and SAT II. Check with the colleges you are interested in to see what tests they require.



High School: Summer Before 12th Grade

- Narrow down the list of colleges you are interested in applying to. If you can, visit the schools that interest you.
- Contact colleges to request information and applications for admission. Ask about financial aid, admissions requirements and deadlines.
- Decide if you are going to apply under a particular college's early decision or early action program. Be sure to learn about the program deadlines and requirements.



High School: 12th Grade

All Year

- Keep taking classes that challenge you.
- Work hard all year; second semester grades can affect scholarship eligibility.
- Stay involved and seek leadership roles in your activities.

Fall

- Meet with your school counselor to make sure you are on track to graduate and fulfill college admission requirements.
- Take the SAT I and/or SAT II: Subject Test, or the ACT, or any other exams required for admission to the colleges that interest you.
- Apply to the colleges you have chosen. Prepare your application carefully. Follow the instructions, and PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO DEADLINES!
- At least two weeks before your application deadlines, ask your counselor and teachers to submit necessary documents to colleges (your transcript, letters of recommendation, etc.)
- To prepare to apply for federal student aid, be sure to get a PIN at www.pin.ed.gov so that you can complete your application and access your information online. One of your parents must also get a PIN.



REMEMBER: Register for all tests in advance and be sure to give yourself time to prepare appropriately! If you have difficulty paying a registration fee, see your guidance counselor about getting a fee waiver.